

Children Whose SNAP Benefits Could Be Cut under House Republicans' Budget Proposal

State	Number of affected children	Share of affected children in state
Alabama	286,569	22.7%
Alaska	28,585	14.7%
Arizona	322,259	18.2%
Arkansas	98,586	12.6%
California	1,801,013	19.1%
Colorado	200,444	14.8%
Connecticut	131,419	16.3%
Delaware	48,264	20.4%
District of Columbia	39,273	27.8%
Florida	999,681	20.4%
Georgia	556,948	19.6%
Hawaii	56,652	17.2%
Idaho	57,679	11.1%
Illinois	663,317	22.0%
Indiana	253,515	14.3%
Iowa	115,500	14.2%
Kansas	85,539	11.1%
Kentucky	252,522	22.3%
Louisiana	340,531	28.6%
Maine	48,615	17.7%
Maryland	233,101	15.3%
Massachusetts	331,915	22.1%
Michigan	505,681	21.4%
Minnesota	178,355	12.3%
Mississippi	155,341	20.6%
Missouri	235,659	15.4%
Montana	32,868	12.5%
Nebraska	67,258	12.6%
Nevada	183,810	24.0%
New Hampshire	32,283	11.5%
New Jersey	325,030	14.5%
New Mexico	171,874	34.3%

New York	1,000,193	22.6%
North Carolina	554,641	21.4%
North Dakota	21,095	10.5%
Ohio	560,466	19.5%
Oklahoma	257,584	23.8%
Oregon	227,093	24.5%
Pennsylvania	673,536	22.9%
Rhode Island	41,537	18.3%
South Carolina	244,771	19.2%
South Dakota	29,082	11.9%
Tennessee	290,548	16.6%
Texas	1,624,738	19.3%
Utah	78,270	7.5%
Vermont	17,676	13.8%
Virginia	339,307	16.2%
Washington	342,353	18.6%
West Virginia	103,582	26.3%
Wisconsin	254,570	18.3%
Wyoming	14,871	10.2%
Total	15,516,000	

Note: Estimates reflect children younger than age 18 in fiscal year (FY) 2025.

Source: Author's estimates based on U.S. Census Bureau America Community Survey 2023 1-year estimates; U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) SNAP Data Tables, State Level Participation & Benefits (November 2024); and USDA Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2022.